II BA - III Semester

Paper No.3.1 DSC -5
Title of the Course: Rise of Modern West (1600-1871)

Col	urse 1		urse 2
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours/semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours semester
3	39 or 42	1	39 or 42

Content of Course 1	
	39/42
T mit-I	Hrs 13/14
Chapter No: 1 Europe Expands and Divides The Overseas Discoveries and Conquests of Portugal and Spain	04
Chapter No: 2 Transition from Feudalism to Capitalism Capitalism – Mercantilism and the Commercial Revolution	04
Chapter No. 3 Early Colonial Expansion and Overseas Trade Motives Beginning of the Era of Colonisation – Mining and Plantation – Africans Slaves	03
Unit -II	13/14
Chapter No: 4 Renaissance and Reformation Meaning of Renaissance – Spread of Renaissance – Renaissance of Art, Architecture – Music – Literature – Science – Reformations and Counter Reformation	05
Chapter No: 5 The New Absolute Monarchies Emergence of Nation States - Theories of Government - Divine Right of Kings - Absolutism in Various States - Spain -Portugal - England - France - Austria - Russia	04
hapter No: 6 Scientific Revolution and The Age of Enlightenment Emergence of Scientific View of the World - Promotion of Science - The work of Early Scientists - Growth of Chemistry, Geology and Biology. The Age of Enlightenment - Major Events of Enlightenment - Classism and Romanticism - Humanitarianism - Nationalism - Enlightened Despotism	95
it - III	13/1
Basic Features of Liberalism and Democracy Basic Features of Liberalism - Growth of Liberalism The Rise of Democracy - Democratic Struggle in Various Countries Public Opinion and Polity	05

	Scientific and Technological background to Industrialised Revolution — The Factory System - Stages and effects of Industrial Revolution - Socialist Movements - Labour Movements	04
	Unification of Italy - The Founding of the Co	04
vienna 2. kologna 10.	Munich 3. Manchester 4. Rome 5. Madrid 6. Lisbon 7. Milan 8. Papacy 9. Florence 11. Latvia 12. Lithuania 13. Romenia 14. Paris 15. Berl 7. Frankfort 18. Saint Petersburg 19. Malta 20. Amsterdam	-

Suggested Readings

Wells H.G An Outline History of the World
A Short History of the World

2. Hayes et.al World History

3 Savelle Max (Ed.) A History of World Civilization (2Vols.)

4. Davies World History

5. Ketelby C.D.M. A History of Modern Time 6. Palmer R.R. and J. Colton A History of Modern World

7. Grant and Temperley : Europe in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Century

8. Fisher H.A.L. : A History of Europe 9. Thomson David : Europe since Napoleon

10. Hoskins H.L. : European Imperialism in Africa
11. Edword MacNall Burns : World Civilization (3 Vols.)

Pedagogy

- · Lecture Method Class Room Teaching
- · Learning Through Project work
- · Collaborative learning strategies
- · Use of Resources like Audio- Visual aids, Films, Documentaries
- · Visit to Historical Sites, Museums etc.
- ICT Supplemented Teaching
- Seminars / Guest / Special Lectures
- Group Discussions

Modes of Assignment

- Individual Assignments
- · Project Work
- Written Test
- · Documentaries

II BA- III Semester

Paper No.3,2 DSC-6 History of Modern India 1761-1947

Fraumo: 30 to 42	College C. M.
tal Contact Hours: 39 to 42	Course Credits: 3
mative Assessment Marks: 40	Duration of ESA/Exam: 60
labus Authors: BOS (UG)	Summative Assessment Marks: 100

se Pre-requisite(s): History of Modern India 1761-1947

se Outcomes (COs):

at the end of the course the student should be able to.

The Students will be able to trace the British colonial expansion in the political contacts of 18th century India. They will learn about the changes in society, politics, religion and economy during the period. They will also acquire knowledge about the freedom struggle The contents of the syllabus are designed to cover core issues pertaining to vast canvass of nationalist history so that the student at the under graduate level is equipped to focus upon the core ideas of national movement in its conceptuality.

To understand India's quest for independence and nation building are interwoven script of history, debated most widely at global level with various angles, indeed, India's national movements has vast and divergent ideological base with inner contradictions.

Understand how the colonial rule was overthrown by the Indian nationalists.

Identify the various phases of National Movement

Understand the Gandhian Era.

Appreciate the ideals and values of Gandhi that resulted in freedom.

paper No.3.2 DSC-6
paper No.3.2 DSC-6
Table of the Course: History of Modern India 1757-1947

		Co	urse 2
Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture hours semester	Number of Theory Credits	Number of lecture
Theory	39 or 42	1	hours semester

*	39 01 42 3 semester		
3	39 or 42		
	Content of Course 1		
		9/42	
-1		Hrs	
Chapter No : 1	The Arrival of Europeans in India and Rise of British	13/14	
Chapter	The Portuguese - The Dutch - The English - The French - Pattern of European Trade - English East India Company: From Trading Company to Political Power - Anglo - French Struggle for	03	
	Supremacy: The Carnatic Wars - British Conquest of Bengal - Plassey to Buxar (1757-1765)		
Chapter No: 2	British Expansion in South and North India - Beyond Indian	1	1
Chapter	Frontiers - Conquest of Mysore and the Marathas, 1767-1818 - Anglo	- 04	1
	Mysore Wars (during 1767-1799) - Anglo-Maratha Wars (during 1777		1
	1818) - British Expansion in North India - Conquest of Sindh, Punjab		
	and Awadh, 1843-57 - British Expansion Beyond Indian Frontiers -	1	
	Nepal, Burma and Afghanistan, 1814-42		
	British and their Impact on Indian Economy, Polity,		
hapter No: 3	British and their impact on indian bedding, said	06	
	Administration and Society	es	
	Economy: Economic Model of British East India Company - Chang		1
	in Indian Agrarian Structure and Impact on Economy - New Land		1
	and their impact . Permanent Settlement		
	Alabahuari System - Economic Hipace Co		
	The Address of the Ad		
	The state of the s		
	and Government of India Act 1886 The Home Government - The		
	and Government of India Act 1838 Administration under the British - The Home Government - The Administration under the British - The Home Government - The	-	
	Organisation of the Civil Services, the Army and the Police -		
	Organisation of the Civil Services, the Army and Cultural Policy Organisation of the Judicial Services - Social and Cultural Policy		
	Organisation of the Judician Section	-	
	Spread of Modern Education		13/1
11 - []		101	
	Resistance to the British Rule: Early Uprisings and the Revol	t at	05
apter No : 4	Resistance to the British Rule: Early Christian		1
	1857 Revolts in Bengal and Eastern India - Sanyasi - Fakir Rebelli	00 -	1
	1087 Pastorn India - Sanyasi - Fakti India		
	Revolts in Bengal and Caster.		

Munda Rising - Khond Uprising - Santhal Rebellion - Revolts in Western India - Bhil Uprisinge	
Revolts in Western India - Bhil Upper	
Munda Rising - Khond Uprising - Santhal Rebellion - Revolts in Western India - Bhil Uprisings - Waghera Rising - Ramosi Risings - Revolts in Southern India - The Revolt of the Raja of Vizianagaram - Revolt of Diwan Velu Thampi - Revolts in Northern India - Kuka or Namdhari Mouranni - Revolts in	
of Vizianagaram - Revolt of Diwan Velu The Revolt of the R	
Ramosi Risings -Revolts in Southern India - Waghera Rising - of Vizianagaram - Revolt of Diwan Velu Thampi - Revolt of the Raja Northern India - Kuka or Namdhari Movement Revolt of 1857 - Causes - Beginnia	CA PROPERTY.
Revolt of the Beginning of Muting	
Northern India - Kuka or Namdhari Movement Revolt of 1857 - Causes - Beginning of Mutiny and the Revolt - The Strom Centres and the Leaders - Defeat of the Rebels - Caused - The	
Debate regard	
Strom Centres and the Leaders - Defeat of the Revolt - The Failure - Significance of the Revolt - Debate regarding the Nature of the Revolt - Impact of the Revolt - Opinions of Various Historians No. 5 Socio Religious Reform Movements	
The Brahmo Samaj – Arya Samaj – Prarthana Samaj – Derozio and	3
Young Bengal Movement - Ramakrishna Mission - Saryashodak Samaj - The Wahabi/Waliullah Movement - Alice - Ali	
Samaj – The Wahabi/Waliullah Movement - Aligarh Movement – Sikh	
i Ci	
Chapter No: 6 Administration - Changes in the Army - Public Services - Relation	04
Will the Timesty States Fidininistrative Policies - Desider	
Hostility to Educated Indialis - Attitude towards the 7amin de	
Attitude towards Social Reforms -Labour Legislation - Restriction on	
the Press – Racial Antagonism	
Unit - III	13/14
Chapter No:7 Growth of New India – The Nationalist Movement, 1858-1918	
Factors for the Rise and Growth of National Consciousness -	05
Predecessors of the Indian National Congress - The Foundation of the	
Indian National Congress, 1885 - The 'Safety Valve' Theory - Moderat	e
Phase (1885-1905) - The Rise of Neo-Nationalism or the Extremism	
(1905-14) - Partition of Bengal - Boycott and the Swadeshi Movement	
- Ghadar Movement – Home Rule Movement – Rise and Growth of	
- Ghadar Movement - Home Raic Wovement Raise and Growth of	OW
Communalism - The Muslim League - The Hindu Mahasabha - Luckn	1
Session of the Congress (1916)	-
hapter No: 8 Struggle for Swaraj Phase -I (1919-1927)	03
Description of the Grandhian Era - The Rowland Bills and	iatt
Talliannialla Bagh Massacre - Nillialat and Ivon	
Cooperation Movement - The Swarajist Party - Congress Constructive Cooperation Movement	e
Cooperation Movement - The Swaragies Taylor	
Programmes – Growth of the Left Movement	06
Simon Commission and Anti -Simon Commission Agitation - The	e
Mala Baratt and Jinnah's Fourteen Points - Lahore Session of a	311-
Simon Commission and Anti –Simon Commission of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report and Jinnah's Fourteen Points – Lahore Session of the Nehru Report an	Serial Care
Congress - Poorna Swaraj - Civil Discond Pact - Second C	IVII
Round Table Conferences and Ambedia - 1 comment of India Ac	t l
1022 34 — The Government of	
Dischedience Movement, 1934-37	The second second
Disobedience Movement, 1932	
Disobedience Movement, 1932 5. 1935 Provincial Elections and formation of Ministries (1937)	
Disobedience Movement, 1932-34 – The Government of Ministries (1937) – 1935 - Provincial Elections and formation of Ministries (1937) – National Movement during the Second World War – The Cripps Mission and Proposal – Quit India Movement – Subhas Chandra	

	and Indian National Army - Wavell Plan - Simla Conference - Cabinet Mission Plan - The Interim Government - The Constituent Assembly - Attlee's Declaration - Mountbatten Plan - The Indian Independence Act, July 1947	
Historica	Places 1 Calcutta 2 Calicut 3 Pandicharry 4. Basin 5 Lahore 6 Plassey 7 Thirchanapally 8. Hoogly 9 Surat, 8 Dacca 9 Nagpur 10 Madras 11 Delhi 12 Bombay 13. Poona 14 Lucknow 15 Kanpur 16 Banaras 17 Wandiwash 18 Srirangapatna 19 Machalipattanam 20 Gwalior	02

Suggested Readings

1 Bipan Chandra Indian Struggle for Independence

Freedom Struggle

2. Majumdar R.C : Struggle for Freedom

: British Paramountacy and Indian Renaissance (Part-1)

: Rise growth of Nationalism 3 Bipin Chandra 4. Sekhar Bandyopadya : Nationalist Movement in India

: A new look at Modern Indian History 5. B.L. Grover 6. Sailendra Nath Sen : An Advanced History of Modern India Social Background of Indian Nationalism 7. A.R. Desai

8. Sumii Sarkar Modern India 1885 – 1947

History of the Revolutionary Movement in India 9. M.N. Gupta : History of freedom movement in India Vol.03 10. Tarachand : The Emergence of Indian National Congress

11. S.R.Mehrotra

The making of Agrarian Policy in British India 1770 - 1900 12. Stein Burton

13. Thompson & Garret Rise and Fulfilment of British Rule in India 14. A.C. Banerjee : The New History of Modern India(1707-1947) : An illustrated History of Modern India 1600-1947 15. C.A. Bayle

: ಆಧುನಿಕ ಭಾರತದ ಇತಿಹಾಸ 16. ಡಾ.ಕೆ.ಸದಾಶಿವ : ಭಾರತದ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ಹೋರಾಟ

17 ಎಂ. ಅಬ್ದುಲ್ ರೆಹಮಾನ್ ಪಾಷಾ : ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯ ಆಂದೋಲನ

18. ಸಿ.ಆರ್. ಕೃಷ್ಣರಾವ್ : ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯಾನಂತರದ ಭಾರತ : ಕ್ರಾಂತಿಕಾರಿ ಘಟನೆಗಳು

19. ಆರ್ ಮೂರ್ಡಿಮಾ

20. ಎನ್.ಪಿ. ಶಂಕರನಾರಾಯಣರಾವ್ : ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ಗಂಗೆಯ ಸಾವಿರ ತೊರೆಗಳು

21. ಕೆ.ಎಸ್.ಪಾರ್ಥಸಾರಥಿ : ಛಾರತದ ಪ್ರಥಮ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ಸಂಗ್ರಾಮ

22. ಬಿಪನ್ ಚಂದ್ರ ಕನ್ನಡಕ್ಕೆ ಅನುವಾದ : ಎಚ್.ಎಸ್.ಗೋಪಾಲರಾವ್ : ಆಧುನಿಕ ಭಾರತದ ಇತಿಹಾಸ

23. ಕೆ.ಎಸ್. ಪಾರ್ಥಸಾರಥಿ ಭಾರತದ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರೀಯತೆಯ ಪರಿಕಲ್ಪನೆ

: ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯೋತ್ಕರ ಭಾರತ 24. ಸಿ.ಬಿ.ಕಮತಿ

25. ಸೂರ್ಯನಾಥ್ ಯು. ಕಾಮತ್ : ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ ಹೋರಾಟದ ಸ್ಕೃತಿಗಳು

26. ಜಿ. ಪರಮೇಶ್ವರ : ಭಾರತ ಸ್ವಾತಂತ್ರ್ಯ ಚಳುವಳಿ

IIIBA-V Semester

PaperNo.5.1 DSC-9 History of Karnataka (From 11th Century to 1761 CE)

Course Title : History of Karnataka (From1	1"Century to 1761 CE)
Total Contact Hours/ semester = 56	Course Credits: 4
Formative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA/Exam:60
Syllabus Authors :BOS(UG& PG, (C)	Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Pre-requisite(s): History of Karnataka (From11th Century to 1761 CE)

Course Outcomes (COs):

After studying this you are able to understand the following course outcomes:

The Chalukyas of Kalyani came to power at a time when there was a political vacuum. It was created as a result of periodic invasions from the external force.

The Kalachuries' and Seunas' political events of the time kept pace with significant cultural progress both in the art and the literature.

The establishment of the Hoysala dynasty opened a new chapter in the history of south India.

The establishment of Vijayanagara in Karnataka over the region south of the river Tungabhadra but was also able to serve a great purpose for which it arose ever since its inception.

After this phase the Vijayanagara enters the second stage that is disintegration. The disintegration of Vijayanagara and rise of small principalities

It is the Bahmanis dynasty that played a great role in the history of Karnataka, particularly in the field of administration, society, economy and art and architecture.

Over the debris of Bahmani Kingdom arose the Shahi Kingdoms of Adil Shahis of Bijapur and the Barid Shashi of Bidar. Crisis between Yusuf Adil Shah of Bijapur and Kasim Barid Shaha of Bidar. The early Wodeyars dynasty founded as a feudatory principality in 1399, which grew into the Kingdom of Mysore.

The ascension of Chikkadevaraja Wodeyar, to the throne of Mysore, marked a turning point in the history of Karnataka.

Course Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Out comes (COs) with Program Outcomes

(POs 1-12) Course Outcomes (COs) /Program Outcomes (POs)	DSC 9	DSC 10	DSC 11	DSC 2	DSC1 3	DSC 14	SEC	SEC
Disciplinary Knowledge	X							
Communication Skills								
Critical Thinking	X							-
Problem Solving	X							
Analytical Reasoning	X							-
Cooperation and Teamwork	X							
Reflective Thinking	X							
Self-motivated Learning	X							
Diversity Management and Inclusive Approach	X		,					
Moral and Ethical Awareness Reasoning	X							
Lifelong Learning	X							

Course Articulation Matrix relates course out comes of course with the corresponding program out comes whose attain mentis attempted in this course. Mark "Xin the intersection cell if a course out come addresses a particular program out come.

IIIBA-V Semester

Paper No. 5.1 DSC-9 Title of the Course :History of Karnataka (From 11th Century to 1761 CE)

Content of Course	56 Hrs
Unit-I Kalachuries, Seunas and Basava	19
Chapter 1: Introduction-Survey of the sources - Karnataka at the beginning of the 1 century and socio-political conditions.	105 08
Chapter 2: Disintegration of KalyaniChalukyas and the rise of Kalachuries and Seun	as. 06
Chapter 3:Basava and Veershaiva movement - His socio- political ideas and socio- reforms.	os 05
Unit-II Hoysalas, Vijayanagara and Post-Vijayanagara	24
Chapter 4:Foundation of the Hoysala dynasty – Early Hoysalas – Vishnuvardha Ballala II-Ballala III- Downfall of the Hoysalas-Hoysala state and society – cult ontributions.	na- ural 08
Chapter5:Establishment of Vijayanagara dynasty – Sources-origin – Sangara dynasty – Sources-origin – Sangara dynasty – Bulliukka&Bukka - Devaraya II & his achievements – Tuluvas-Krishnadevaraya and chievements – Achyuthadevaraya – Ramaraya – Disintegration of Vijayana yasty - Administration, society, economy and cultural contributions of Vijayana	l his gara
vnasty	
nasty hapter6:Talikote and after – causes for Talikote – The shadow continuance jayangaraAravidu dynasty – Nayaks of Keladi – Palegars of Chitradurg elahanka Nadu Prabhus - polity, society and economy in post–Vijayanagara - evement - Kanakadasa and Purandaradasa.	ga -
napter6:Talikote and after - causes for Talikote - The shadow continuance jayangaraAravidu dynasty - Nayaks of Keladi - Palegars of Chitradurg elahanka Nadu Prabhus - polity, society and economy in post-Vijayanagara -	ga -
hapter6: Talikote and after – causes for Talikote – The shadow continuance jayangara Aravidu dynasty – Nayaks of Keladi – Palegars of Chitradurg elahanka Nadu Prabhus - polity, society and economy in post-Vijayanagara - ovement - Kanakadasa and Purandaradasa. it-III Bahmanis, Shahis and Early Wodeyars apter 7: Foundation of the Bahmanis state – Sources – origin – early rulers ala-ud-din – Mugammada I – Humayan – Mahamud Gawan – Downfall of mamnis - Administration - social life – economy - art and architecture –	ga – Dasa
hapter6:Talikote and after – causes for Talikote – The shadow continuance jayangaraAravidu dynasty – Nayaks of Keladi – Palegars of Chitradurgelahanka Nadu Prabhus - polity, society and economy in post-Vijayanagara - ovement - Kanakadasa and Purandaradasa. it-III Bahmanis, Shahis and Early Wodeyars apter 7:Foundation of the Bahmanis state – Sources – origin – early rulers la-ud-din – Mugammada I – Humayan – Mahamud Gawan – Downfall of	ga – Dasa

ggested Readings:

furton Stein, Vijayanagara, Cambridge University Press, 1990.

K.N.Chithis, Keladi Polity, Dharwad, 1977.

H.K. Sherwani, History of Deccan, Rept., Delhi, 1980.

R.Champakalaxami, KesavanVeluthat and T.R. Venugopalan, ed., State and Society in pre-Modern South India, Thristur, 2003.

HayavadanaRao. C, History of Mysore (2 vols), 1927-30

-----ii -----i (ed.,) Mysore Gazetteer, (5vols), 1950.

Joyser, G.R. History of Mysore and the Yadava Dynasty, 1950.

Krishna Row, P., Brief History of Mysore, 1868.

----- ii----- Madras District Gazetter, Bellary District. 1904.

Pedagogy

- Lecture Method Class Room Teaching
- Learning through Project Work
- Collaborative learning strategies
- Use of Resources like Audio Visual aids, Films, Documentaries
- ICT Supplemented Teachings
- · Seminars/Guest/Special Lectures
- Group Discussions

Modes of Assignment

- Individual Assignments
- · Project Work
- Written Test
- Documentaries

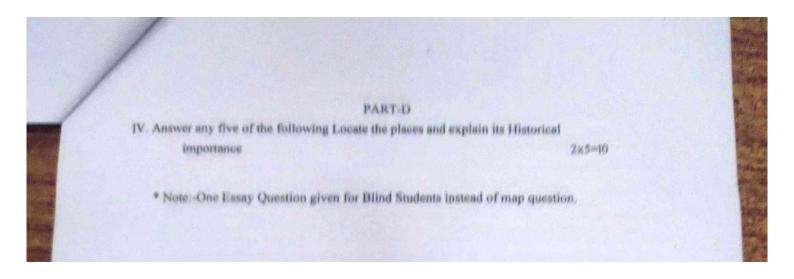
Assessment:

Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Formative Assessment	The state of the s		
Internal Test	10	Theory part Semester End Examination	
Assignment/ Book review	10		
Seminar with Group Discussion	10	60	
Viva Voice			
Total	40		
Grand Total	100		
Internal Test	10	Grand Total	

Paper No. 5.1 DSC-9 Title of the Course: History of Karnataka (From 11th Century to 1761 CE)

Max Marks-60 Time: -2.30 Hours PART-A I. Answer any ten of the following in one or two sentences 10x1=10I. 3. _____ 4, _____ 5. _____ 6. 7._____ 8, _____ 9._____ 10. 11. 12. PART-B II. Answer only four of the following 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. PART-C 2x10=20III. Answer any two of the following 3, _{.....},



III B.A-V Semester

Paper No.5.3 DSC-11 Colonialism and Nationalism in Asia

Course Title :Colonialism and Nationalism in Asi	ia
Total Contact Hours/ Semester =56	Course Credits: 4
Formative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA/Exam:60
Syllabus Authors :BOS(UG & PG, (CB)	Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Pre-requisite(s): Colonialism and Nationalism in Asia Course Outcomes(COs):

To get familiarized with history modern Asia

To get acquainted with colonialism and its effects in Asia

To get acquainted with nationalism and its effects in Asia

To understand about the Colonialism and Nationalism in Asia

Course Articulation Matrix : Mapping of Course Out comes (COs) with Program Out comes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs) /Program Out comes (POs)	DSC 9	DSC 10	DSC 11	DSC 12	DSC B	DSC 14	SE C	SEC
Disciplinary Knowledge			X					
Communication Skills								
Critical Thinking			X					
ProblemSolving			X					
Analytical Reasoning			X					
Cooperation and Teamwork			X					
Reflective Thinking			X					
Self-motivated Learning			X					
Diversity Management and Inclusive Approach			Х					
Moral and Ethical Awareness Reasoning			X					
Lifelong Learning			X					

Course Articulation Matrix relates course out comes of course with the corresponding program out comes whose attain mentis attempted in this course. Mark "X' in the intersection cell if a course out come addresses a particular program out come.

III B.A-V Semester

Paper No.5.3 DSC-11 Colonialism and Nationalism in Asia

Content of Course	56 Hrs
Unit-I Indo-China and Indonesia Chapter 1: Historical Background - French Colonisation in Indo-China - Colonial Domination Resistance - Growth of Nationalism - The Communist Movement - Role of Ho Chih Minh in Vietnamese Struggle for independence.	8
Chapter 2:Geneva Conference - Vietnam after 1954 - 1976.	4
Chapter 3:Indonesia - Historical Background - Coming of Europeans - Dutch Colonisation - Growth of Nationalism in Indonesia - Early struggles against Dutch domination - Role of Dr. Sukarno - Japanese aggression of Indonesia (1942-45) - Final phase of freedom struggle - 1945-49 - Indonesia since 1949 - Bandung Conference - 1955	8
Unit-II Turkey & Iran	
Chapter 4:Turkey - Historical Background - European Colonial interests and wrecking of the Ottoman Empire - Crimean War - Treaty of Sanstefano - Berlin Congress - Autocratic Rule of Abdul Hamid II - Growth of Turkish Nationalism -Role of Midath Pasha - Young Turk Movement	
Chapter 5: Turkey and Balkan Crisis - I World War - Treaty of Sevres and Laussane- Modernisation of Turkey - Musthafa Kemal Pasha - Kemalism - II World War - Ismat Inonu	5
Chapter 6:Iran - Coming of Europeans - Anglo Russian interests in Iran- The Tobacc Revolt of 1890-92 - Constitutional Revolution of 1906 - Shuster Incident - Iran and the first world war - the rise of modern State with Reza Shah Pehlavi (1925 - 1941) Mohammad Shahapur Rezashah Pehlavi - Oil crisis - Fall of Dr.Mussadeq	e
Init III - Arabs and Israel	
Chapter 7: European Colonial interests in Arabia - Growth of Arab Nationalism - Waha Movement - Pan Islamic Movement - Jamaluddin Afghani - Syrian Literary Renaissan Young Arabs - Arabs and First World War - Arab world after First World War	bi 5 ce
Chapter 8: Israel - Historical Background - Zionist movement - Dr. ChaimWeizman Ralfour Declaration - (1917) Migration of Jews - White Paper - (1939) - United National - Creation of Israel - Arab - Israel Conflict - Arab League - Palestine Liberator Reganization - Suez Canal Crisis - Yom Kippu War - 1973 - Egypt Israel Peace Treaty	ion
hapter 9: Important Historical Places: Jakarta – Bandung – Hanoi- Saigon onstantinople – Ankara – Tehran - Tel Aviv - Jerusalem – Damascus – Madina– Tab eirut – Riyadh – Bhagdad – Mosul–Mecca – Cairo	riz-

supposed beatings

- 1. Al-E. Vaggi, this blacking of blestern treat East (1993-1993) Longman Harleyn-1997
- 5. June Alice The fraction Constitutional Recomming 1966-1911
- 4. Abadeministrative to the territoria from the condition opening and a limited by the property of the propert
- 4. Course Charact Sense and Man of Boxes Shah From Chajas Collingon to Paleines Present
- A. Karch and Lich. Scoots Fast Asta: Past and Present, Steel Freits Viens 1981
- a. Natural Stone. Turkey a short History
- 2. Bandhas K.M. Auta and western dominance
- & Box hips. A short History of madern Indonesia
- W. Sardesai Routh East Asia Past and Present
- 1st the and M Ymanks. The Short History of South East Asia
- LE D. Floshi. The Outline of Asian History
- 1.5 Lakappatrowda Adhunika Asia

Pedagogy

- a Locture Method Class Room Isaching
- a Learning through Project Work
- Collaborative learning strategies
- Use of Resources like Audio Visual aids, Films, Documentaries
- ICT Supplemented Teachings
- Seminars/Cuest/Special Lectures
- Group Discussions

Modes of Assignment

- Individual Assignments
- Project Work
- . Written Test
- Documentaries

Assessment

Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Internal Test	16	Theory part
Assignment/ Book review	10	Semester End Examination
Seminar with Group Discussion	10	
Viva Voice	16 ,	60
futal	(40)	
Grand Total	160	
Internal Test	16	Grand Total

III B.A.-V Semester

Paper No.5.2 DSC-10 India and its Neighbors (1947 to 2020)

Course Title :India and its Neighbors (1947 to 20	20)
Total Contact Hours/ Semester 56	Course Credits: 4
Formative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA/Exam:60
Syllabus Authors: BOS(UG & PG, (CB)	Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Pre-Requisite(s):India and its Neighbors (1947 to 2020)

Course Out comes(COs):

After successful completion of the course, the student will be able to: evaluate the trends of Indian foreign policy.

Aketch the highs and lows of India's foreign relations with all its neighbors.

Assess India's role in Indian Ocean and SAARC, SAPTA.

Estimate the impact of foreign policy on national development.

An introduction to India's relations with neighbors and the changing trends in relations.

To understand the role of India in regional organizations, challenges, opportunities and future prospects.

Course Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Out comes(COs)with Program Out comes

(POs 1-12) Course Outcomes (COs)/ Program Out comes (POs)	DSC 9	DSC 10	DSC 11	DSC 12	DSC 13	DSC 14	SEC	SEC
Disciplinary Knowledge		X						
Communication Skills								
Critical Thinking		X						1
Problem Solving		X						
Analytical Reasoning		X						
Cooperation and Teamwork		X						
Reflective Thinking		X						
Self-motivated Learning		X						
Diversity Management and Inclusive Approach		X						
Moral and Ethical Awareness Reasoning		X						
Lifelong Learning		X						

Course Articulation Matrix relates course out comes of course with the corresponding program out comes whose attain mentis attempted in this course. Mark "X in the intersection cell if a course out come addresses a particular program outcome.

Paper No. 5.2 DSC-10 Title of theCourse:10 India and its Neighbors (1947 to 2020)

Content of Course	56 Hrs
Unit-I Afghanistan, Pakistan and Bangladesh	20
Chapter No: I India and Afghanistan History of Indo-Afghan Relations- Its geo-strategic importance- Development partnership - Instability in Afghanistan – Taliban and Terrorism - Role of India' bilateral relation.	a 06
Chapter 2:India and Pakistan Colonial Legacies - Two nation theory - India Pakistan Wars - Areas of conflict Cashmir and Border issues - Nuclear Policy of India and Pakistan - Cross Bord errorism - water dispute - Bus diplomacy - Afghan Crisis: Its Impact on Indo - Pakistans.	er
Chapter3:India and Bangladesh Colonial Legacies - The role of India in Bangla Liberation War -Areas of Cooperation Crisis- Border Issues- Water disputes: Teesta water issue and Ganga river - Illegammigration - Chakma issue.	on 06
nit-II Myanmar, Bhutan and Nepal	20
hapter 4:India and Myanmar dia - Mynmar Relationship - Scope forcooperation between North East India & yanmar - Rohingya issue - Insurgency in the North EasternStates - Major Projects: dadan Multi-modal Corridor.	07
hutan's Geographical Significance- PoliticalSignificance - India-Bhutan Friendshi reaty - Objection of Bhutan to India's Motor VehicleAgreement: Areas of poperation- Trade, Economic Assistance: Water Resources, Border Management ducational and Cultural Cooperation: Multilateral Partnersh	of nt:
apter6:India and Nepal toric India Nepal relations - Post Independence India and Nepal: Economic operation - The Issue of Water and Hydropower Cooperation - Nepal's tilt toward na -Nepal Bharat Maitri Project.	ds 00
-IIISrilanka, Maldieves and Mauritius	
allieringing Maidieves and Mailtinis	1
oter 7:Historical Background of Indo -Sri Lanka Relations:	The second secon

Chapter 8 India and Maldieves Background of India Maldives Relations - Political and Cultural ties -Political relations -Bilateral Assistance- Faunami Belated Assistance- Military Assistance - Bilateral Treaties and Strategic Partnership- India Maldives Relations: Challenges	56
Chapter9:India and Mauritius India - Mauritius Bilateral Relations - Historical - Cultural - Trade - Foreign Direct Investment - Military Cooperation - Operation Lat Dora - Coastal Surveillance Radar	64

Map work

Ten places associated with border disputes and international frontiers.

Places of Historical Importance

Delhi 2 Islamabad 3 Lahore 4 Columbo 5 Katmandu 6 Thimpu 7 Naypyidaw 8 Lhasa
 Peshawar 10 Rameshwaram 11 Dhaka 12 Mandalay 13 Kandahar 14 Siachin 15 Srinagar
 Dacca 17 Leh 18 Silguri corridor 19 Shimla 20 Dhoklama

Suggested Readings

- 1. Bhandhari, C.P. Foreign Policy of India. New Delhi: Sterling publishers, 1977.
- Bipan Chandra et. Al. India after Independence. 1947-2000. New Delhi: Penguin Books, 2000
- Chatterjee A Neighbours, Major Powers and Indian Foreign Policy. New Delhi. The Orient Blackswan, 2017.
- Dixit, J.N., Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours. New Delhi: Gyan Publishing House, 2001
- Dutt, V.P., India's Foreign Policy in Changing World. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House, 2003
- 6. Jayapalan N, India and her neighbours. New Delhi: Atlantic Publishers, 2000
- Robin Blackburn (ed.), Explosion in Subcontinent India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and Ceylon, Harmounts worth: Penguin, 1975.
- 8. Avatar Singh Bhasin, India in Sri Lanka between Lion and Tiger, New Delhi, Manas Publication, 2004.
- 9. Urmila Phadnis, Ethnicity and Nation Building in South Asia, New Delhi: Sage publications, 1989.

Pedagogy

- Lecture Method Class Room Teaching
- Learning through Project Work
- Collaborative learning strategies
- Use of Resources like Audio Visual aids, Films, Documentaries
- ICT Supplemented Teachings
- Seminars/Guest/Special Lectures

Group Discussions

Modes of Assignment

- Individual Assignments
- Project Work
- Written Test
- Documentaries

Assessment:

Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Formative Assessment	10 ,	Theory part
Internal Test	10	Semester End Examination
Assignment/ Book review	10	
Seminar with Group Discussion	10	60
Viva Voice	10	
Total	40	
Grand Total	100	Gd Total
Internal Test	10	Grand Total

III B.A-VI Semester

Paner No. 6-1 RSC-12 History of Karnataka (From 1761-1956)

Course Title History of Karnataka (From 17	Utatash 1
Total Contact Hours/ Semester = 56	Course Credits: 4
Formative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA/Exam:60
syliabus Authors: BOS(UG & PG, (CB)	Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Pre-requisite(s): History of Karnataka (From 1761-1956)

After studding this course, you are able to understand the following course outcomes:

To get familiarized with history of Haider Ali and Tipu Sultan.

to know with the modern history of Mysore especially, Krishnaraja wadeyar III.

to get acquainted with commissioners rule in Mysore and Coorg.

to know about the nature of colonialism in Karnataka.

To understand about the national movements in Karnataka,

Course Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Out comes (COs) with Program Out comes

(P(1s 1-12) Course Outcomes (COs) Program Out comes (POs)	DSC 9	DSC 10	DSC 11	DSC 12	DSC 13	DSC 14	SEC	SEC
Disciplinary Knowledge				X				-
Communication Skills			1				-	1
Critical Thinking				X			-	-
Problem Solving				X			-	+
Analytical Beasoning				X			1	1
Cooperation and Teamwork				X				_
Reflective Thinking				X			-	
Self-motivated Learning				X				
Diversity Management and nelusive Approach				X				1
Moral and Ethical Awareness Reasoning				X				1
Ifslong Learning				X				

Course Articulation Matrix relates course ou comes of course with the corresponding program ant somes whose attain mentis attempted in this course. Mark "X'in the intersection cell if a sourse out come addresses a particular program out come,

III BA VI Semester

Paper No. 136-14 Title of their oursein I DSC-13 History of Barnataka (From 1761-1986)

Content of Course	in dra
[8-1618	20
Chapter Uniteduction Survey of the sources. Rise and fall official Ali and Tipu Sulian. Farly life of Haider Ali and Tipu Sulian. Anglo-Mysore wars and their cites is fall of Tipu Sulian. Modernization of administration and economy. Cultural contribution of Haidar Ali and Tipu Sulian.	08
Chapter 1 Treaty of 1799 and partition of Karnataka - Role of Rani Lakshmamanni - Confronting Colonialism - Mysore under KrishnarajaWadiyar III - British take over - IydarabadKarnatka under Nizams	06
Thapter4:Commissioners' rule in Mysore and Coorg – Mark Cubbon and Bowring in Aysore – James Fraser in Coorg - Their reforms – Restoration in Mysore – Attempts awards modernization in Mysore and Hyderabad Karnataka.	06
nii-II Colonialism in Karnataka	18
hapfer 4 (Colonialism in Mysore - Indirect rule in Mysore and Coorg solectorates:	as 06
hapter 5;Colonialism in Hyderabad Karnataka - Territories under colonial rule - yderabad Karnataka under the Nizams – Mahaboob Ali Khan – His socio-political forms	06
hapter 6:Territories under colonial rule - British Karnataka Bombay arnataka other Territories.	06
it-III Nationalism in Karnataka	18
apter 7:Impact of the rebellion of 1857 on Karnataka-Bedars of Halagali inst anti-arms Act - VenkatappaNayaka of Surapura - Babasaheb of ragunda - Bhimarao of Mundaragi - effects of the struggle.	0:

Chapter8:Rise of nationalism and awakening in Mysore, Hyderabad Karnataka and Bombay Karnataka – Influence of Tilak and Gandhi – Response to swadeshi and non-cooperation movements in Karnataka – Belgaum congress session (1924) -Satygraha campaigns in Karnataka (1930-34) – Quit India movement in Karnataka – Police action in Hyderabad Karnataka - Accession of Karnataka territories into Indian Union – 1947-48.	
Chapter 9: Unification movement in Karnataka – factors – views of different committees (Dhar, JVP, and SRC) - contributions of various Kannada organizations – Role of Kannada literature and journalism – Formation of Karnataka – 1956.	05

Suggested Readings:

- 1.K. Sherwani, History of Deccan, Rept., Delhi, 1980.
- 2. R.Campakalaxami, Kesavan Veluthat and T.R. Venugopalan, ed., State and
- 3. Society in pre-modern South India, Thrisur, 2003.
- 4.Bowring L.B., Haidar Ali & Tippu Sultanand the Struggle with Muslim Powers 1893.
- 5. F.Hamilton Buchanan, A Journey from Madras through the countries of Mysore , Canara, Malabar, 1807.
- 6. Campbel J.M., (ed) Begaum District Gazetteer. 1884
- 7. Campbel J.M., (ed) Bijapur District Gazetteer. 1884.
- 8 Campbel J.M.,(ed)Canara District Gazetteer, (part1-2) 1883.
- 9. Dharwad District Gazzetter, 1884.
- 10. Coorg and its Rajah (By an officer), 1857, London.
- 11. HayavadanaRao. C, History of Mysore (2vols), 1927-30
- 12. Hayavadana Rao. (ed.,) Mysore Gazetteer, (5vols), 1950.
- 13. Joyser, G.R. History of Mysore and the Yadava Dynasty, 1950.
- 14. Krishna Rao, P., Brief History of Mysore, 1868.
- 15.Krishna Rao Madras District Gazetter, Bellary District. 1904.
- 16.I.M. Muthanna, A Tiny Model State of South India: Coorg. 1955.
- 17. Rice B.L., Mysore and Coorg Gazetteer (3 vols.)1896-97.
- 18. Chandrashaker. S, Dimensions of Socio-Political Changes in Mysore
- 19. I.M. Muthanna History of Karnataka: History, Administration & Culture
- 20 . Dr. B. Sheik All- Ground work of Karnataka History

Pedagogy

- Lecture Method Class Room Teaching
- · Learning through Project Work
- Collaborative learning strategies
- Use of Resources like Audio Visual aids, Films, Documentaries
- ICT Supplemented Teachings
- Seminars/Guest/Special Lectures
- Group Discussions

Modes of Assignment

- •Individual Assignments
- Project Work

Assessment:

Weightage for assessments (in percentage)

Internal Test	Internal Assessment	Theory part Semester End Examination		
Assignment/ Book review	10			
Seminar with Group Discussion	10	60		
Viva Voice	10			
Total	10			
Grand Total	40			
Internal Test	100	. Grand Total		

III B.A-VI Semester

Paper No. 6.2 DSC-13 Regional History-Modern Mysore (1881-1947)

Total Contact Hours/ Semester = 56	Course Credits: 4	
Formative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA/Exam:60	
Syllabus Authors: BOS(UG & PG, (CB)	Summative Assessment Marks:100	

Course Pre-requisite(s):Regional History-Modern Mysore (1881-1947)

Course Out comes(COs):

To get familiarized with history of modern Mysore

To get acquainted with commissioners rule

To know about rise of Non-Brahmin movement in Mysore

To understand about the national movement in Mysore

Course Articulation Matrix: Mapping of Course Out comes(COs)withProgramOutcomes (POs 1-12)

Course Outcomes (COs) /Program Outcomes (POs)	DSC 9	DSC 10	DSC i1	DSC 12	DS C13	DSC 14	SEC	SEC
Disciplinary Knowledge					Х			
Communication Skills								_
Critical Thinking					X			
Problem Solving					X			
Analytical Reasoning			Ten.		X			
Cooperation and Teamwork					X			
Reflective Thinking					X			
Self-motivated Learning					X			
Diversity Management and Inclusive Approach			,		X			
Moral and Ethical Awareness Reasoning					X			
Lifelong Learning					X			

Course Articulation Matrix relates course out comes of course with the corresponding program out comes whose attain mentis attempted in this course. Mark "X in the intersection cell if a course out come addresses a particular program out come.

Paper No. 6.2 DSC-13

Title of the Course : Regional History-Modern Mysore (1881-1947)

Content of Course	56 Hrs
	18
Unit-I Archaeological Sites	
Chapter 1: Introduction to Modern Mysore – Survey of Literature – The Rendition Act of 1881 and its main provisions -A Progressive monarch: Chamaraja Wodeyar (1881-1894) – Dewan Rangacharlu – Administrative Reforms – Development of Education – Establishment of Representative Assembly – Railway – Famines and t	heir
impact Chapter 2:Dewan Sheshadri Iyer — Development of Agriculture and Industries — Railway- Social Reforms — Infant Marriage Prevention Regulation — Development of Education — Introduction of Mysore Civil Service Exams Development of Education — Introduction of Mysore Civil Service Exams	
Development of Education - Introduction of High State (1894 -1902) - Shivanasa Chapter 3:Vanivilasa Sannidhana - Regency Rule (1894 -1902) - Shivanasa Hydro Electric Power Plant - Vanivilasa Sagara (Marikanive Project).	mudra 04
	21
Unit-II Chapter 4: Rajarshi Nalvadi Krishnaraja Wodeyar (1902 -40) –Nalvadi's vision of Modern Mysore – Development of Education – Establishment of University of N	
Chapter 4: Rajarshi Nalvadi Krishnaraja Wodeyar (1902 -40) –Nalvadi's vision of Modern Mysore – Development of Education – Establishment of University of Nalvadi and Social Justice – Leslie Miller Committee – Introduction of Reservation Non-Brahmins –Construction of KRS dam Chapter 5:M. Vishweshwaraiah as Chief Engineer – Dewan Vishweshwaraiah (18) – Developmental Policies and Modernization Programmes –Industrial Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Programmes – Education, Railway, Health and Sanitation.	ation 1912-08 alisation
Chapter 4: Rajarshi Nalvadi Krishnaraja Wodeyar (1902 -40) –Nalvadi's vision of Modern Mysore – Development of Education – Establishment of University of Nalvadi and Social Justice – Leslie Miller Committee – Introduction of Reservitor Non-Brahmins –Construction of KRS dam Chapter 5:M. Vishweshwaraiah as Chief Engineer – Dewan Vishweshwaraiah Chapter 5:M. Vishweshwaraiah Policies and Modernization Programmes –Industri	ation n (1912- 08 alisation ogress in Progress
Chapter 4: Rajarshi Nalvadi Krishnaraja Wodeyar (1902 -40) –Nalvadi's vision of Modern Mysore – Development of Education – Establishment of University of Malvadi and Social Justice – Leslie Miller Committee – Introduction of Reserve for Non-Brahmins –Construction of KRS dam Chapter 5:M. Vishweshwaraiah as Chief Engineer – Dewan Vishweshwaraial (18) – Developmental Policies and Modernization Programmes –Industries – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Role of Economic Conferences – Process - Legislative Reforms –Constitutional Reforms – Growth of Local Bodies – Administrative Reforms –Constitutional Reforms – Growth of Local Bodies – Agriculture, Industries, Electricity -Trade and Commerce – Education – Head Reforms – Head Reforms – Education – Head Reforms – Education	ation n (1912- 08 alisation ogress in Progress

Chapter 8:Regionalism, Casteismand Communalism in Modern Mysore – Mysore - Madrasi Brahmin Conflict – Caste Consciousness and Caste Associations - Non-Brahmin Movement – Depressed Classes Movement – Harijan Upliftment Programmes -Ganapati Disturbance at Bangalore – Muslims Response towards Two Nation Theory – Communal Disturbances and the role of Muslim League.	06
Chapter 9: Nationalism in Modern Mysore — Nationalism during Pre-Gandhian Era —Swadeshi Movement —Non Co-Operation Movement — Belgaum Congress	06
- Civil Disobedience Movements - Forest Satyagrahas - Establishment Mysore Congress - Shivapura Congress Session - Vidhurashwatha Tragedy - Quit India Movement - The Esur Tragedy - Mysore Chalo Movement - The Palace	
Satyagraha.	

Suggested Readings

- 1. Anitha. M.S, Rajarshi Nalvadi Krishnaraja Wodeyar (Jeevana, Sadhane mattu Vyaktitva)
- Bjorn Hettne, The Political Economy of Indirect Rule, Mysore 1881-1947
- 3. Chandrashaker. S, Dimensions of Socio-Political Changes in Mysore
- 4. Chinnaswamy Sosale. N, (Ed), Jayachamarajendra Odeyar Kaalada Mysore Samsthana
- 5. Halappa G.S, Freedom Movement in Karnataka
- 6. James Manor, Political Change in an Indian State, Mysore, 1917-1955
- 7. Kuppuswamy. B, Backward Class Movement in Karnataka
- 8. Sadashiva. K., History of Social Legislation in Princely Mysore, 1881-1947
- Shamarao. M, Modern Mysore, Vol. I&II
- 10. Sheik Ali. B, (Ed)., Karnataka Charitre, Vol. VI &VII
- 11. Sundara. A, (Ed), Itihasa mattu Puratattva, Kannada Vishaya Vishwakosha
- 12. Suryanath Kamath, Kamataka state Gazetteer, Vol.I-III

Pedagogy

- · Lecture Method Class Room Teaching
- · Learning through Project Work
- Collaborative learning strategies
- Use of Resources like Audio Visual aids, Films, Documentaries

III B.A-VI Semester

Paper No. 6.3 DSC-14 History of China and Japan

Course Title :History of China and Japan	
Total Contact Hours/ Semester = 56	Course Credits: 4
Formative Assessment Marks:40	Duration of ESA/Exam:60
Syllabus Authors: BOS (UG & PG, (CB)	Summative Assessment Marks:100

Course Pre-requisite(s): History of China and Japan Course Out comes(COs):

- Students will learn about the nature and structure of the traditional Chinese Society and how to transform the Chinese Society from the Chinese Society from Traditional to modern cultures.
- They will be aware how the Chinese were united towards the foreign colonial powers and defeated them and ultimately gain to freedom.

 They will be aware how the Chinese were united towards the foreign colonial powers and defeated them and ultimately gain to freedom.
- Learn to think critically and comparatively about historical events in modern East Asia.
- They are able to understand and identify historical themes, causes, and effects.

Paper No. 6.3 DSC-14 Title of the Course : History of China and Japan

Content of Course 50				
Unit-I Imperialism and china during the 19th century	18			
Chapter 1:Chinese feudalism: Gentry, bureaucracy and peasantry, the Confucian value system: Sino centrism; the canton commercial system.				
Chapter 2: The Transformation of China into an informal colony; the opium wars; the unequal treaties; the scramble for concessions; finance imperialism; the open door policy.				
Chapter 3: Agrarian and popular Movement: Taiping and yi Ho Tuan: Attempts self-Strengthening (Tzu-Chiang): Reforms of 1860-95;1890 and 1901-1908	at 06			
Unit-II The Emergence of Nationalism and Communism in China	18			
Character 4: The Devolution of 1011: causes nature and significance the le	ocal			
Chapter 4: The Revolution of 1911: causes, nature and significance the le composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-Sen and his contributions. The formation the Republic; Yuan Shihkai; Warlordism; may Fourth Movement of 1919: nature and significance Chapter 5:Formation of CCP; and the Kuomintang (National Party KMT); the First united Front	ture			
composition of the Revolution; Sun Yat-Sen and his contributions. The formation the Republic; Yuan Shihkai; Warlordism; may Fourth Movement of 1919: not and significance Chapter 5:Formation of CCP; and the Kuomintang (National Party KMT); the First united Front Chapter 6:The Communist movement in China: the Jiangxi period and the rise	ture			
the Republic; Yuan Shihkai; Warlordism; may Fourth Movement of 1919: na and significance Chapter 5:Formation of CCP; and the Kuomintang (National Party KMT); the First united Front	ture			

Chapter 9:Democracy and Militarism/Fascism: Popular / People's Rights Movement, Nature of Political Parties: Rise of Militarism-Nature and Significance, Second world war; American Occupation; post-war changes			
Chapter 8 : Japanese Imperialism (b) Manchuria (C) Korea.	: '(a)China,	06	

